

CHURCH & MINISTRY

WHO SERVES THE CHURCH?



WHAT IS MINISTRY?

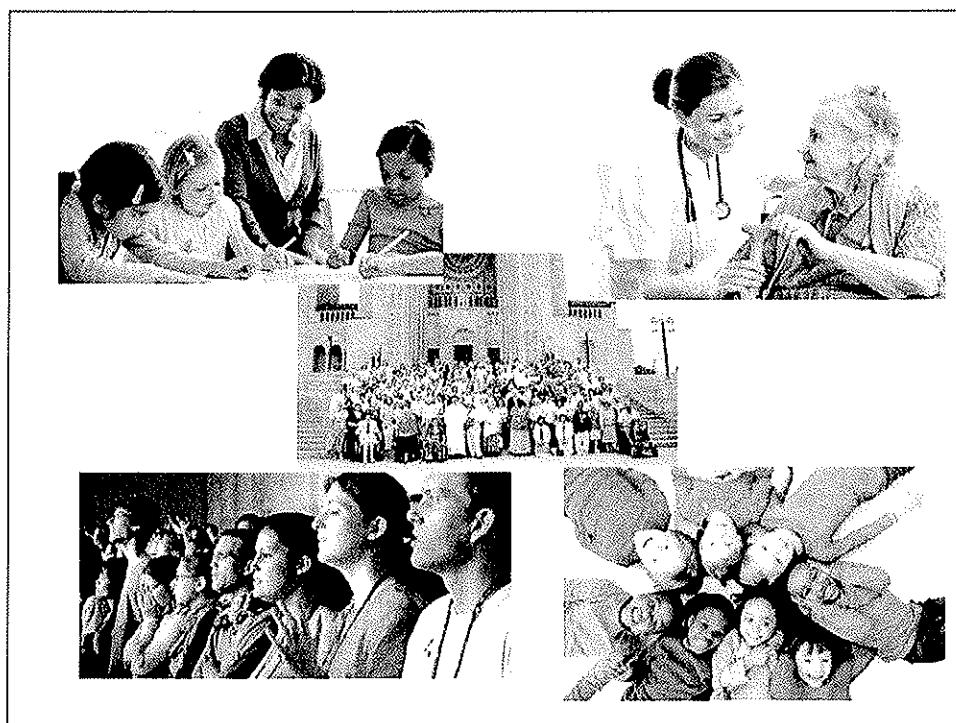
- The word **ministry** means service in the Church. A minister is one who serves others.
- Through our Baptism we become part of the Church, part of the Body of Christ. We continue the mission of Jesus Christ.

WHO SERVES THE CHURCH?

ROLE OF THE LAITY

- Laity comes from the Greek word "laos" which means people.
- As members of God's people, we each have a role to play in the Church and in the wider society.
- Most Catholics are lay people or "the laity". This means they are baptised members that have not been ordained as bishops, priests or deacons.

WHAT DOES THE WORD 'ORDAINED' MEAN?



THE POPE

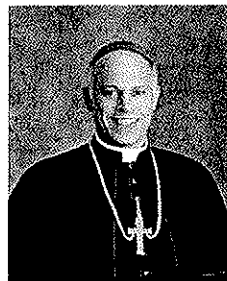
- The most prominent (important) figure in the Catholic Church is the Pope.
- He is the Bishop of Rome, the successor of St. Peter and the head of the Church.
- He is the centre of unity for Catholics.
- The Pope can make a final decision about disputes that arise in relation to the Catholic tradition.
- The Pope speaks with authority of Christ, he is guided by the Holy Spirit and protected from error.

WHO IS THE POPE?



THE BISHOP

- The bishop is in charge of a diocese and there are thousands of dioceses throughout the world.
- Highest order of ordained ministry.
- An important historical area or major city is called an archdiocese, and so the bishop responsible for that archdiocese is called an archbishop.
- The primary role of a bishop is to ensure that the local Church is well governed and doing all it can to bring Jesus to the world.
- A bishop can administer all the sacraments, including ordaining priests and deacons.



PRIEST

- The role of the priest is to preach the Gospel.
- The priest leads the community in celebrating the Mass and celebrates the sacraments, especially the Eucharist. The priest also celebrates the divine worship.
- He also has overall responsibility for the pastoral care of the parish.



Daily	Weekly	Monthly	Three or four times a year	On-going
Mass On Sunday, three or four Masses including Vigils on Saturday evening Prayer • Divine Office or breviary (30 minutes) • Meditation or mental prayer (30 minutes) • Rosary Parish Administration (Even with the assistance of a Parish Secretary this can be quite demanding) Being present and available Appointments Pastoral Activity Exercise	Administering Sacraments • Penance • Baptism (includes visiting parents of each candidate) • Holy Communion for the sick (Assisted by lay people) • Anointing the sick in hospitals, nursing homes and other institutions Visiting primary school to keep up contact with teachers and students Meeting with Principal of the primary school Preparing material for parish bulletin Preparing sermons for the week Instruction for new Catholics	Meetings • Liturgy Committee • Finance Committee • Works Committee • Parish Council • Parish Groups • School parents association Funerals (two-four per month; includes visiting the family before and after the funeral) Marriages (Approximately twelve – twenty per year, includes preparation and rehearsals)	Meetings • Deanery • School committees or boards • Senate of priests • Meeting with parents prior to sacramental programs Sacramental Programs Special parish devotions such as the Lenten program Fundraising events Parish/School social events	Parish building and maintenance Mass and Penance for school students Parish visitation (visiting parishioners in their homes) Hospital visits Visiting/giving Religious Education Classes at primary and secondary schools Dealing with parishioners on a personal basis, following up problems and helping in times of crisis Assisting with sacraments at other parishes Providing written references

DEACONS

- Deacons may proclaim the Gospel, preach the homily, assist at Mass, baptise and preside at funeral services.
- Transitional deacons will ultimately become priests and permanent deacons can be married men.



Jesus Washes His Disciples' Feet John 13:1-20

13 It was just before the Passover Festival. Jesus knew that the hour had come for him to leave this world and go to the Father. Having loved his own who were in the world, he loved them to the end.² The evening meal was in progress, and the devil had already prompted Judas, the son of Simon Iscariot, to betray Jesus.³ Jesus knew that the Father had put all things under his power, and that he had come from God and was returning to God;⁴ so he got up from the meal, took off his outer clothing, and wrapped a towel around his waist.⁵ After that, he poured water into a basin and began to wash his disciples' feet, drying them with the towel that was wrapped around him.⁶ He came to Simon Peter, who said to him, "Lord, are you going to wash my feet?"⁷ Jesus replied, "You do not realize now what I am doing, but later you will understand."

⁸ "No," said Peter, "you shall never wash my feet."

Jesus answered, "Unless I wash you, you have no part with me."

⁹ "Then, Lord," Simon Peter replied, "not just my feet but my hands and my head as well!"

¹⁰ Jesus answered, "Those who have had a bath need only to wash their feet; their whole body is clean. And you are clean, though not every one of you."¹¹ For he knew who was going to betray him, and that was why he said not every one was clean.

¹² When he had finished washing their feet, he put on his clothes and returned to his place. "Do you understand what I have done for you?" he asked them.¹³ "You call me 'Teacher' and 'Lord,' and rightly so, for that is what I am."¹⁴ **Now that I, your Lord and Teacher, have washed your feet, you also should wash one another's feet.**¹⁵ **I have set you an example that you should do as I have done for you.**¹⁶ Very truly I tell you, no servant is greater than his master, nor is a messenger greater than the one who sent him.¹⁷ Now that you know these things, you will be blessed if you do them.

PEEL

Jesus is a minister to his people.

Use the scripture passage 'Jesus washes the disciples feet' (John 13:1-20) to write a PEEL paragraph demonstrating Jesus' ministry. Use ONE example from the passage to justify your answer.

Jesus Washes His Disciples' Feet

John 13:1-20

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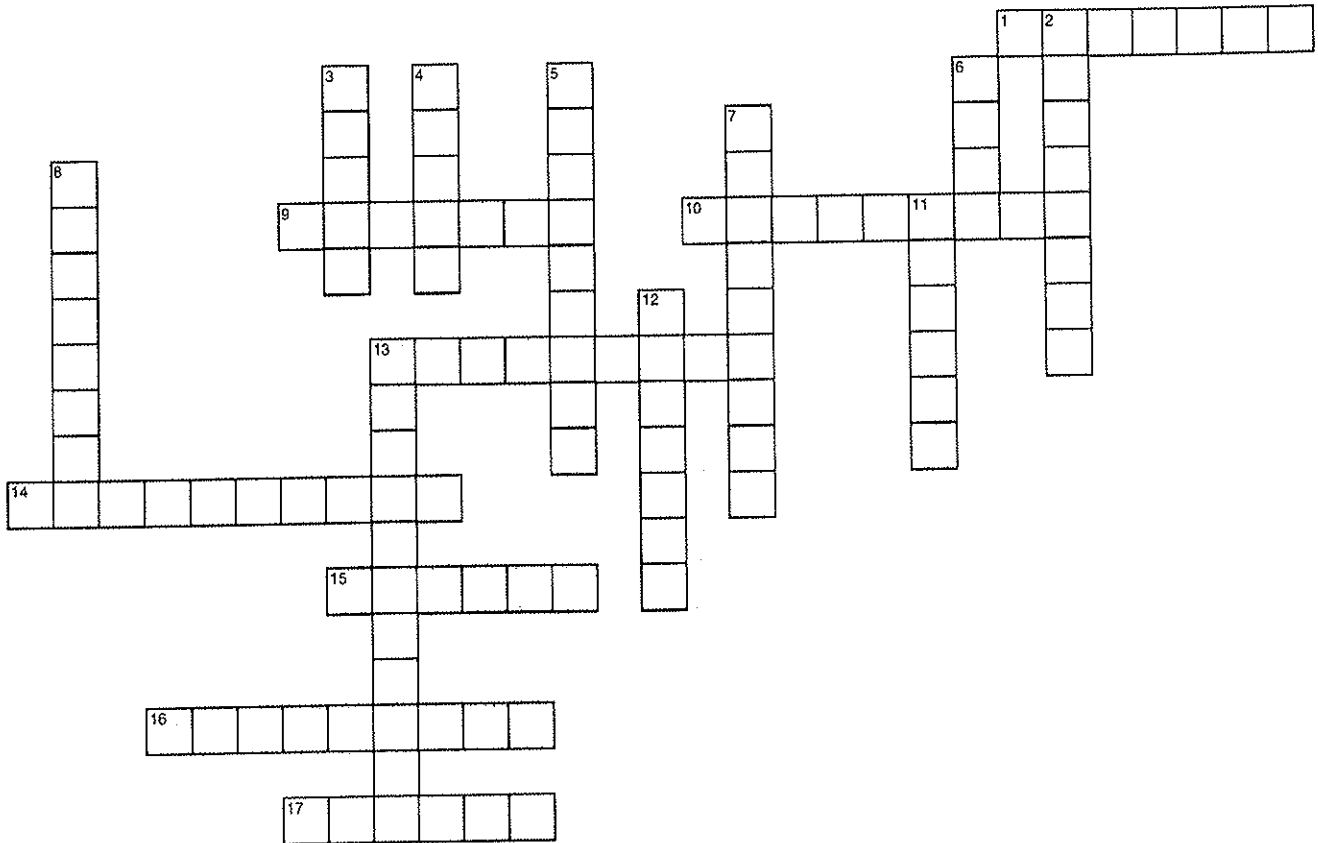
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Religion Revision



ACROSS

- 1 An emotion, entering into a person's feelings
- 9 A person who is not Jewish
- 10 These people were well regarded by the Romans because they did not involve themselves in political affairs.
- 13 A Jewish group who persecuted Christians
- 14 These are places where Jews gather for instruction, discussion and prayer.
- 15 A man that preaches the gospel
- 16 Bad treatment because of race, political or religious belief
- 17 The highest order of ordained ministry is a?

DOWN

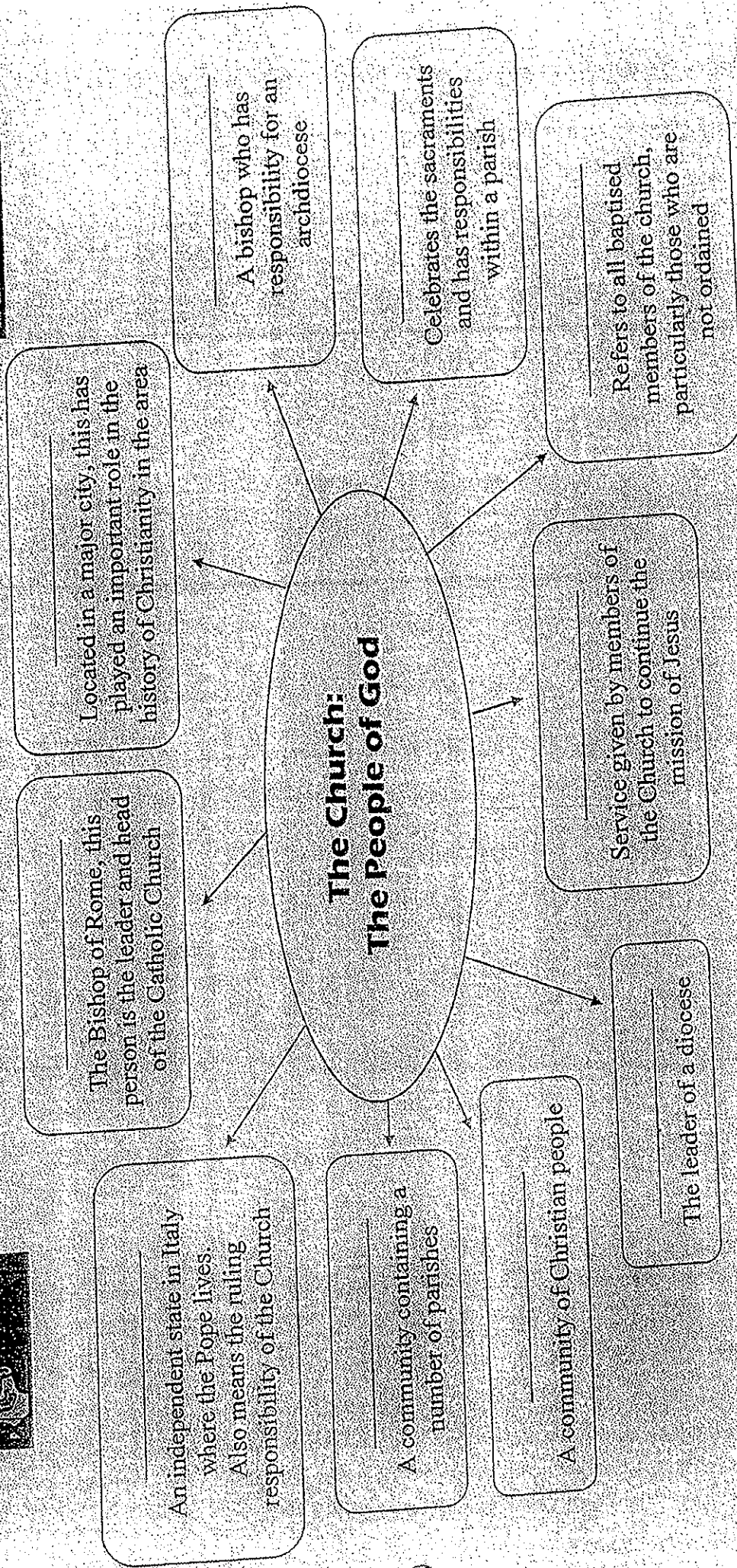
- 2 Services in the Church
- 3 A common spoke language during Jesus's time
- 4 From the Greek laos, meaning people
- 5 The Gospels were set in?
- 6 What does the word domestic relate to?
- 7 Jesus often argued with these people about the law.
- 8 An emotion, a feelings of pity and sorrow for someone else's misfortune
- 11 The head of the Church
- 12 There are 2 types of these men who assist in church services.
- 13 Who is the current Pope?



The Local Church



Use the Word Bank below to match the words with their definition.



- Laity Parish Bishop Priest Diocese Archbishop Pope Archdiocese Ministry Vatican